mately remove from the United States, the great cause The proceedings lasted for upwards of five hours and terminated in a vote of thanks to the Bishop of Ohio

European Invasion of South America.

The Spanish squadron, under command of Admiral Pen-son, starts for the Pacific in the beginning of April. It is to consist of three frigates, forty-two gunboats

The squadron goes first to Montevideo and then to other

In the House of Commons, on the 20th ultime, Mr. C. Fortescue confirmed the recent reports of the successful

gold mining in British Columbia.

In the House of Lords, on the 21st ult., the Earl De Grey explained that the reason why the government has ap-pointed Lord Clyde to the command of the volunteers at the approaching field day at Brighton, was to prevent

jealousies arising among volunteer officers.

In the House of Commons, on the same evening, Mr.
Scully gave notice that he intended calling the attention of the House to the expediency of establishing a more im-proved steam communication between North America and Ireland.

proved steam communication between North America and freland.

Lord l'atmerston, in reply to Mr. Haliburton, said that negotiations with the American government, relative to the Island of San Juan, were suspended in consequence of the civil war. Arrangements were, however, being made that there should be a provisional joint occupation.

In reply to a question on Italian affairs, Lord Palmerston said, he believed that there was a strong desire that Rome should be the capital of Italy, and that the Pope's temporal power should cease. The British government, however, had taken no part in the expression of opinion and no instructions had been given to Sir James Hudson to make any rememstrance on the subject at Turin. It was stated that the army estimates were likely to show a saving of about a million sterling, arising chiefly out of the payments for troops in India.

Another West India regiment is to be formed. Infantry regiments at home are to be reduced by fifty men each battailon.

In tanada, the regiments are to be of the full strength of 1,027.

An influential deputation from the cotton manufacture of districts had an interview with Lord Enlmestice and

In tanada, the regiments are to be of the full strength of 1,027. An influential deputation from the cotton manufacturing districts had an interview with Lord Palmersion and Sir Charles Wood, relative to the tariff on cotton goods in India, and petitioned for a redress of the hardships arising from this tariff.

Lord Palmersion, in reply, said that the government felt the greatest regret at the prevalent distress, but could not think it due to one cause only.

Sir Charles Wood said that the tax was not intended as a protective one, but originated in a financial necessity. The Indian government had already reduced the duty on yarns, and hoped soon to do the same on manufactured goods, but the government could not promise to do so at once.

goods, but the government could not promise to do so at once.

Queen Victoria, in response to an application from the Committee of the Albert Memorial Fund, expressed hersolf in favor of a grand obelisk, with statuary at the base, on the site of the great exhibition of 1851.

Messrs. Glass, Elliott & Co., in a letter to Cyrus W. Field, say that they would not be willing to manufacture and lay the Atlantic telegraph cable and assume the entire risk, as they believe it is too great for one firm, but are so confident of satisfactory results that they are willing to contract for the work and stake a large sum on the successful laying and working. They state that they will make a definite offer in a few days, and will furnish a list of three thousand five hundred miles of cable, already laid by them, and all working successfully except in three small stretches. three small stretches.

Another frightful coal pit accident has taken place.

About fifty miners were killed by an explosion at Merthier

the government made by certain journals.

France.
THE DESATE IN THE FRENCH SENATE—PRINCE NAPOLEON IN DEFENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT. PARIS, Feb. 23, 1862.
Yesterday, in the Senate, M. Baroch (Minister without & portfolio) replied to the attacks against the laws and

Prince Napoleon also defended the government. He described the state of society when the laws on the press were promulgated, and said, while I defend the probable. I think it necessary to gue the press more liberty. There is but one justification for the emission of the emission of the instance of the engineerists of the resolution. The Prince then alluded to the insidents in regard to Monseigneur Rierde and General Guyon, and said that is where we must look for hatred to the name of Napoleon and for the name of France. To me the emistre signifies the glory of France abroad, the destruction of the treaties of 1815, which are within the limits of the sources and resources of France, and the unity of Italy, when we have contributed to free. At home the glory of France is in the preservation of order by a complete system and real therties, comprising the liberty of the press and unlimited popular institutions, without religious congregations and mistakes, which would imnose on us a return to the bigorry of the middle ages. The Prince maintained that the anti-revolutionist system demanded by the Marquis La Rochejacquelin would be another "white terror" to be supported by foreign bayonets. If ever such a policy be followed the empire will not longer have any reason to axist.

M. Billault said that the mission of the Emperor on the

followed the empire will not longer have any reason to exist.

M. Biliault said that the mission of the Emperor on the morrow of the Revolution was to re-establish order by a policy for which he found tradition. In carrying out that policy the Emperor had the said of radiglin, and will not forget that religion is one of the bases of society. He maintained that there was a necessity for the legislation on the press in 1562, and besought the Senate to repel all excitement and personal discussion.

A discussion on the address to the Emperor had commenced in the Senate, but nothing important had been discitled in the Senate to repel all excitements. The discussion is the Assembly had been fixed for the 24th.

The Bourse had been agitated, and the fluctuations on the 20th were nearly one per cent, but on the 21st it was

the 20th were nearly one per cast, but on the 21st it was again firm and animated. Rentes advanced to 70f. 50c., and 4 ½ per cents to 100f. 40c.

The Paris papers publish Cochin China news, announcing that nearly all the provinces had made submission to Admiral Fourard.

Admiral Fourard.

The Paris Monitour publishes a letter from General Montanban entreating the Emperor to withdraw the bull before the House of Deputies granting him (Montanban) an annual revenue, as it would appear as if there was some object in it.

The Emperor replied, refusing to withdraw the bill, and adding—"Everybody is at liberty to view things after their own asknon; but I wish the country and the army to know that I am grateful for political and military services, and wish to honor unprecedented enterprise by a national gift."

Totion, Feb. 22, 1862.

The transport Seine has been ordered to embark un-terials for the French army at Rome, and will sail next week. This order contradicts the reports of the evacua-tion of Rome by the French.

The Frankfort Journal positively asserts that the re-cognition of the kingdom of Italy oy the Fransian govern-ment has been actually decided upon. Another authority says that Prussia has made over-tures to Russia for a simultaneous recognition by both Powers.

tures to reason for a simutaneous recognition by Soin Powers.

It is asserted that the Papal government was engaged in destroying or removing a large quantity of sacred documents in the archives of Rome.

Turny, Feb. 23, 1862.

Notwithstanding the ministerial circular, manifestations continue in the principal towns against the temporal power of the Pope.

Austria.

Viewa, Feb. 23, 1862.

The negotiations of the Austrian government at Peeth or bringing about a reconciliation with Hungary have slied.

The negotiations of the Austrian government at Peeth for bringing about a reconciliation with Hungary have failed.

The answer of Austria to the last note of Prussia ta held in absyance because the first was communicated to the German States, who had remitted in return notes to the Austrian Chamber. the Austrian Chamber.

The Deputies appeted a proposal to establish a jury for press trials number a jury was also established for all

other trials.

The shareholders in the National Hank, at Vienza, have accepted the proposals of the government. The privileges of the bank are to be extended for twenty-five years. The government obtains in return leans at two parts.

The newspapers are assert that the recognition of Italy by Prussia is an accomplished fact, and that Prussia has notified the Italian Ministry of such recognition.

According to reliable information the reply of France to the Prussian proposals for a treaty of commerce has arrived here. The conclusion of the treaty is said to be imminent.

Up to the present time no collective note has been re-ceived from Austria and Prussia.

The modification of the constitution of Issueszk pro-posed by the government has been carried to a first reading in the Supreme Council.

Portugal. The betrothal of the King to the aister of the late Queen of Portugal is announced as having takes place. The Marquis de Soule has been empowered to form a sew Ministry.

Greece.

At the latest dates the fortress of Nanplia was still held by the insurgects, who demanded a modification of the constitution. The troops had defeated the insurgents made to that place.

Advices from Athens state that the Greek insurgents have been defeated near Tyrinth.

The King is expected at Corinth, where all the troops are to be concontrated. The insurgents ask the dismissurably to reform the constitution.

Athens is quiet, but many arrests have been made. Numerous arrests hed taken place, including Senators, officers, advicates and parmailate.

The Greek Chambers had voted their devotion to the dynasty, and for vigorous measures to suppress the insurgection.

Cape of Good Hope.
The January mails from the Cape of Good Rose has a seen received in England. Trade was rather account.

The barvest was good, and the vintage better than was

Markets.

Consols were busyant and/or the 21st uit. were ¼ a ½ higher, owing mainly to the abundant supply of money. There was rather more demand in the discount market, but the rates were unchanged.

Consols closed on Friday evening (21st) at 93½ a 93½ for money. The builtion in the Eank had docreased during the week £148,000. American securities were unchanged; syles small: New York Central, 71 a 73; Erie, 30; Hilmois Central shares, 46, discount.

PARIS MONEY MARKET.

PARIS MONEY MARKET.

The Bourse closed firm at 70fr. 35c. for rentes.

LIVERFOOL COTTON MARKET.

The week's cotton market was received per Norwegian.

HAVES COTTON MARKET.

The sales of cutton for the week's foot up 18,000 bales. The market is firm and buoyant, with an advance of 6fr. a 6fr. Orleans tres ordinaire, 165fr. has, 158fr. The total stock in port amounts to 93,500 bales.

MANCHESTER TRADE REPORT.

The advices from Manchester are favorable, the market for goods and yarns being quiet, with an upward tendency.

ket for goods and yarns being quiet, with an upward tendency.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

The market is generally very dull. The usual authorities quote as follows:—Flour nominal and declined 6d. per bbl.; quoted 21s. 6d. a 31s. Wheat very dull and declined 1d. a 2d., red Western. 10s. 7d. a 12s.; red Southern, 12s. a 12s. 3d. etc. white Western, 12s. 6d. a 12s. 9d.; white Southern, 12s. 9d. a 13s. Corn quiet, and declined 6d. per quarter: mixed, 29s. 9d. a 30s.; white, 34s. a 37s.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

The provision market is generally quiet and steady. Boef steady. Pork has a declining tendency. Bacon steady at 35s. a 36s. Lard steady at 42s. a 43s. Tallow has a declining tendency; quoted at 45s. a 46s.

LIVERPOOL PROVICE MARKET.

Ashes dull at 33s. 6d. a 24s. 'Sigar firmer. Coffee firm. Rice steady. Resin quiet and steady. Common 12s. 6d. a 13s. Spirits of turpentine quiet at 68s. a 70s. Linseed oil steady at 35s. Coffee firm. Rice steady. Sugar has an upward tendency. Tea firm. Tallow quiet at 46s. Spirits turpentine steady at 65s. a 67s. Linseed oil firm at 34s. 6d. Sperm oil quiet at 25s.

THE LATEST MARKETS.

THE LATEST MARKETS.

£95.

THE LATEST MARKETS.
LONDON, Feb. 23, 1862.
Cousels closed last evening at 93½ a 93¾ for money.
The latest sales of American securities were:—Illinois
Contral shares, 46 a 45 discount; Erie shares, 29½ a 30.
LYREPOOL, Feb. 23, 1862.
The sales of cotton yesterday (Saturday) reached 8,000
bales, including 3,000 bales to speculators and exporters.
The market remained firm, at unchanged quotations.
The breadstuffs market rules very dull.
The provision market is downward, with no sales.

THE REBELS IN FRANCE.

Our Paris Correspondence.

PARIS, Feb. 18, 1862.
Interview Between Mr. Slidell and the Emperor—The Good
Effect of the Detention of Mason and Slidell—Mr. Slidell's
New Residence—Making Converts—Marriage and
Death—Ball at the Tusleries and at the American Minis-

ter's, &c., &c.

1 have many reasons for believing that Mr. John Slidell had an interview with his Majesty the Emperor of the French at the Tuileries on Friday last. Mr. Slidell was of course received only in the capacity of a private citizen, having matters of importance to communicate. Persons occupying similar positions are being continu-ally received by the Emperor, who prefers to ascertain at first hand what they desire to say to him, rather than have it simmered and diluted through his ministers. It is said that Mr. Slidell commenced by advoitly referring to the present suffering condition of thousands of French commercial intercourse resulting from the American war and to the depressed condition of trade of every descripthat the South possessed sufficient resources to enable them to hold out five years against the Union governinto the Union. The Emperor is said to have confine into the time in the sincerely hoped the war would coon be brought to a close, as it was inflicting upon France an incalculable injury daily; and with this assurance Mr. Slidell took his leave, without being asked to

after all, probably one of the most favorable incident which has occurred for our government since the commencement of the war. At the time when in the regu ar course of events they would have arrived in Europ the part of both England and France to recognize the Southern confederacy. Inaction seemed to be the policy of our government, and the war promised to be an interor our government, and the war promised to be an inter-minable one. The Americans in Europe considered it a foregone conclusion that the recognition of the South would follow closely upon the heels of the arrival of her emissaries. During the time of their detention, however, "the miserable logic of facts" has put the question in new light. The vast preparations which our government has been making are beginning to develope themselves; the "annoonda" threatons ere long to enfold all Secessia in its loving embrace, and the governments of Europe see that it would be to thom an eternal disgrace and form in the future one of the blackest pages in their history were they at this time to interfere when this rotten rebellion seemed about ready to be crushed. That the

bellion seemed about ready to be crushed. That the moral effect of the action of the government in the course which they took in the Bason and Slidell affair has been greatly to our advantage in Europe there can be no doubt. The manly, honorable course pursued has gained for us hosts of sympathizers among those who were iniliferent and warmed up our professed friends.

Mr. Slidell has moved into the Champs Elysees, at the corner of the rue Marignan—the atreet in which the Legation of the United States is established. Whether he had any arriors penses in making the selection it is of course impossible to say; but as he is an old main and a distinguished sinner, it is not impossible that it occurred to him that it might aid in easing his conscience, under certain circumstances, to be near, and able to send for, at a moment's notice, the representative of the country to which he had proved a traitor. Mr. Bayton is one of the mest amiable of men, and woold, I doubt not, be but too willing to "assist" at the destubed repentance of even so black a sinner as John Slidell.

traitor. Mr. Dayton is one or the most animole or men, and woold, Johosh nut, be but too willing to "assist" at the destribed repentance of even so black a sinner as John Sideil.

The spartments are splendid, and have been furnished with great taste and lexury, and next week it is the intention to give a grand bail by way of house-warming, at which all recessions ones, of course, to be invited, and as many of the French families of note as will be willing to imk themselves with the secession horesy, for the sake of Mr. Sideil's amiable society, splendid bails and good dinners. Although not doing much in a diplomatic way, the Sideil's amiable society, splendid bails and good dinners. Although not doing much in a diplomatic way, the Sideil's are working hard, socially, to make converts to secession in his profession, who was called to attend Mr. Sideil when he first arrived here, and who has since become quite a constant visitor at their rooms, and from a warm friend of our cause he has now been transformed into a robid secssionist. Sideil has convinced him that the people of the North and South are of two different and distinct races; that the warm, rich blood of France circulates in the veins of the South white that of the cold and lymphatic Dutchman and key luritan is the staple in the Northern composition; that the Southerners are gentlemen and ladies, while those of the North are mere common men and women; that the Northerners are gentlemen and the Southernors not, and that, therefore, there is between them an "irrogressible conflict." that is abolition would be the ruin of the Southern States, as it already has that of the French colonies. These are some of the arguments with which the Sidells are making converts to their cause among the Parisian people.

Southerners here are still lementing the settlement of the Trent sflair, which knocked from under them their dearly cherished hope of involving us in a war with lingland. They were loud-mounted and positive about that time in regard to a speedy recognition

on manication cuts off their supplies, and their credit is very had.

Waiter B. Cometock, Esq., of New York, was married yosterday at the American Legation, by Rev. Mr. Lamson, of the American Episcopai church, and afterwards at the church of St. Vincent de Paul, in the Catholic service, to Miss Italiene A. Perry, of Villers is bell.

Miss Jennie C. Louliam, daughter of Henry Ludlam, Esq., of New York, died a few days since of that securge of Paris, the typhoid fever.

At the ball to be given by their Majesties at the Tuilories to morrow evening only five Americans are to be presented. Our countrymen here very generally acquisees in the disposition of Mr. Dayton to comform to the desires of their Majesties in not presenting such a crowd of Americans as have caulity sought this henor, and comparatively few applications for it are now made.

Mr. Bayton gives a ball on Friday evening next, to which all the respectable loyal Americans in Paris are invited.

Charter Elections.

Avanax, N. Y., March 5, 1862.

The election in this city yesterday resulted in the seccess of George Humphreys (republican) for Mayor, by a majority of over four hundred. The republicans elected all their candidates on the city ticket, four Sepervisors and three out of four Alderman.

Oswara, N. Y., March 5, 1862.

At the charter election yesterday Basiel G. Fort, republican, was elected Mayor. The Common Council is all republican. The democrate elected one Supervisor and an Oversces of the Poor.

The Niagara Outward Bound.

The ateamship Niagara sailed at noon to day, with twenty-nine passengers for field as and twenty-times for Liverpool. She has a fraction over \$52,000 in specio.

Chargeano, March 5, 1862. Manning & Reite, machinists; Wheeler & Co., water raser factory; Cary & Co., white load works, and

The Roof of a Building Crushed in

Others Injured. through yesterday by the snow, killing Sydney Wright and Miss Polly Barnes, and also badly injuring H. W-Hubbard, William Olds and Miss Ruth Taylor. Consider able damage was also done to other property by the snow, including the Berksbire County Eagle newspaper

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, March 5-6 P. M. Money is abundant again at seven per cent, and loans are effected at six. The Tax bill continues to be the chief topic of discussion in financial circles. There are wide differences of opinion with regard to the details of the measure; but there is but one mind on the main question—all are in fa-vor of the speedy passage of the bill, and no one seeks to cut down any of the taxes. This country is able to raise in one year, by direct and indirect taxation, four hundred millions of dollars, without laying intolerable burthens on any branch of industry or class of people. The people expect that this will be done. If the agricultural population of the West cannot pay taxes, the East can and will. The results of this war will be worth more to the country, ten times over, than all it is costing us. Congress should, however, add to the list of articles of produce taxed, cotton, wheat, corn, turpentine, sugar and rice. It is unfair to tax flour, pork, soap, salt, &c., and to leave these equally important articles untaxed. Let the taxes be general and thorough, and the credit of the United States will be the first in the world.

Nothing is doing in exchange. Bankers ask 1123/4 a 113. Gold is in rather better demand, and is quoted 2 bid.

The stock market continues steady, with a fair amount of genuine and less speculative business than usual. Speculators are not pleased with the government embargo on news, and are waiting anxiously for intelligence of army movements. The preponderance among the leading members of the Board is on the bull side, and they feel confident that the forthcoming issues of paper money, the successes of our armies in the field, and the large earnings of the railways combined, will insure a smart advance in prices before long. The public are free buyers of government sixes, the price of which is well maintained, notwithstanding the supply furnished by the banks. Railway bonds and some stocks are likewise taken by the public in small lots. There was no change in prices to-day worth mentioning. The market was quiet but steady all day. The following were the last quo-tations:—United States 6's, registered, 1881, 92% tations:—United States o's, registered, 1881, 92%, a 93, do. 6's, coupon, 1881, 92%, a 92%; do. 5's, coupon, 1874, 84%, a 85; Indiana 5's, 78½, a 78¾, Virginia 6's, 60%, a —; Tennessee 6's, 60 a 60%; North Carolina 6's, 67 a 70; Missouri 6's, 52%, a 52½; Pacific Mail, 93¼ a 93¾; New York Central, 82% a 82¾; Erie, 34¾ a 35; do. preferred, 58¾ a 59; Hudson River, 37 a 37¼; Harlem, 12¼ a 12½; do. preferred, 29½ a 30; Reading, 41½ a 41½; Michigan Central, 53¾ a 54; Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana, 23½ a 24; do. guaranteed, 47½ 48: Panama, 116 a 118; Illinois Central, 64 a 641/4; Galena and Chicago, 67% a 67%; Cleveland and Toledo, 45% a 45%; Chicago and Rock Island, 553/4 a 56; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 631/4 a 635/4; Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien, 201/4 a 21; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 169½ a 110; New York Central 7's of 1876, 103½, a 104½; Erie 3d mortgage bonds, 91½ a 91½; Michigan Central 8's, first mortgage, 102½ a 103; Illinois Central

alles at 30c. a 40c. for Canadian and Western, and at 41c. for State.

S's, first mortgage, 102½ a 103; Illinois Central bonds, 7's, 93½ a 94.

The American Bank Note Company will to-morrow despatch to Washington eighteen hundred blank "Certificates of Indebtedness"—600 for \$1,000 each, 600 for \$5,000, and 600 with no sum mentioned. This is the first batch of blank certificates printed. The company will go on printing them, and Mr. Chase will continue to issue them, at the rate of several millions a day, until the entire floating debt of the government—now variously estimated at from \$75,000,000 to \$100,000,000—is liquidated. The following is a fac simile of one of the \$1,000 certificates:—

\$10,000 UNITED STATES TREASURY. \$1,000 this certificates of the government, on the surrender of this certificate, with interest at six per centum.

**The UNITED STATES TREASURY. \$1,000 this certificate, with interest at six per centum. Washington, 1882.*

Treasurer, U. S.

Treasurer, U. S.

**The United States of the surrender of this certificate, with interest at six per centum. Washington, 1882.*

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Treasurer, U. S.

**The United States of the surrender of the surr

These \$1,000 certificates will necessarily become part of the currency of the country, and will be freely used as money in the West. They will be much more convenient for use than the certificates weil to select them in preference to the others, if they are allowed to choose. The large certificates will go into the banks and banking houses as col lateral for loans. It is hardly possible to exaggerate the good which this issue of certificates of indebtedness is likely to do in business circles. For several months a large portion of our best business firms have been crippled by the impossibility of getting money from government. They of contractors" will begin at length to reap the fruit of their labor. Of the \$300,000,000 spent by government in the past year, some \$40,000,000 are generally supposed to be profit. This large gain will now be realized, and its owners will naturally begin to look about them for investment for their

The contract for engraving the new legal tender notes was awarded to-day at Washington. It is understood that it was given to the American and National Bank Note companies, of this city, who are, indeed, the only parties in the country who have facilities for performing the work. We hear that they have been preparing their dies and other machinery for some time, and that the first notes will be printed in the course of ten days, and the whole issue in a short time thereafter.

The Sub-Treasurer delivered to the banks to-day the last \$7,000,000 of registered bonds due to hem by government under their last negotiation with Mr. Chase. They have now received \$35,000,000 of these 6 per cent bonds, one-half with coupons attached, the other half registered.

Demand notes are quoted 1-10 discount, some of the banks declining to receive them. Congress should pass the declaratory act, making them a legal tender, without delay.

We published this morning the reports of the February traffic on the Galena and the Toledo. showing that the roads had never in their history earned so much money as they are now doing. The following are the reports of the Rock Island

In both cases these receipts are the heaviest ever reported for February in the history of the roads. The Michigan Southern report will soon be ready. We understand that it will show gross earnings for the year equal to about \$2,250,000. The sinking fund bonds of this com-

pany are active at 90 a 91, which is lower than any

similar bond on the list.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was as follows

The exchanges at the Bank Clearing House this morning were \$16,746,205 74, and the balances

50 do...... 50 do...... 100 Cleve & Tol RR... | SECOND | S

CITY COMMERCIAL REPORT.

Asuss .- The market was steady and prices unchanged with small sales of pots at \$6 37%, and of pearls at \$6 25. BREADSTUFFS.—Flour—The market was heavy but prices were easier, especially for the lower grades, while extra brands were unchanged. The sales embraced about 11,000 bbls., closing within the following range of

Canadian. 5 60 a 6 50
So:thern mixed to good superfine 5 85 a 6 20
Extra do 6 25 a 7 10
Good to choice family do 6 25 a 7 4 55
Rye flour. 3 00 a 4 25
Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine 2 90 a 3 30
—Canadian flour was heavy and rather easier, while the

above prices. Southern flour was in fair request, while prices tended in favor of buyers, with sales of 600 bbls, within the above range of figures. Rye flour was bbls. Corn meal was less active, while prices were un. altered, with sales of 250 bbls, Jersey and Brandywine. Wheat was heavy and sales limited to some 12,000 s 15,000 bushels at \$1 37 for red State, \$1 42 for red Western and red Jersey, and some white Michigan at

Western and red Jersey, and some white Michigan at p. t. Core exhibited more firmness and buoyancy. The sales embraced about 45,000 bushels at 80c. for Jersey and Southern new yellow, and at 60½c. a 65½c. for Western mixed in store, and 62c. a 62½c. do. delivered. Rye was quiet and prices unchanged, with sales of 1,700 bushels North river at 84c. a 8½c. on the dock Barley was steady, with sales of 1,400 bushels of State at the railroad depot. Oats were dull, with moderate sales at 39c. a 40c. for Canadian and Western, and at 41c. for State.

CONYM.—The market was firm but quiet, and no sales of moment were reported.

sums paid the negroes.

Fixuariz.—To Liverpool about 20,000 bushe's of corn were engaged in bulk to be taken from the Atlantic dock at 7d., 30 bits, tailow at 20s, 6,500 bushe's corn in ship's bags and 150 boxes bacon by steamer at 30s. To London 200 bbls. pork at 3s. 45d., and to Giasgow 500 bbls. flour at 2s. 6d.

500 bbs. nour at 22. 6d.

FRSH was in good demand at full prices. A cargo of large was recently sold at \$4 12%, a \$4 25.

Mackarel were in good request, with sales of small No. 1's at \$10, and of No. 2's at \$3.

Herring were dull and sales

Mon.—The business doing was infilted while prices were quite firm.

Link was dull, and in the absence of sales quotations were nominal.

LIM was dult, and in the absence of sales quotations were nominal.

NAVAL STOKES were quiet and prices generally of a nominal character.

OHS.—We quote crude sperm at \$1.40 and whale do. at 50c. a 55c. for fair to prime, with a steady demand in part for export. In consequence of the proposed excise tax linseed oil was excited, with sales at 85c. as \$7.5c. the latter being generally demanded though readily paid. Petroleum was also affected by the proposed tax of 5c. per gallon. Crude was held at 14c. a 15c., an advance of 1c. a 2c. Sales of refined were made at 32½c. a 38c.; now held at 40c. a 43c. Sales of Ardesco were made at 28c. a 35c.

now held at 40c. a 43c. Sales of Ardesco were made at 28c. a 38c.

Paovasors.—Pork—The market was unchanged, while there was a fair demand from the trade, with some in quiry for future delivery; the sales footed up about 1,000 bbls. at \$14.25 a \$14.37 for new mess, and at \$10.75 a \$11 for new prime; sales of 1,500 bbls. new prime was at \$10.87 \(\) a \$11. Becf was quiet, while prices were raported for June delivery at \$14.50; new prime was at \$10.87 \(\) a \$11. Becf was quiet, while prices were unchanged, with sales of 300 bbls. Cut meats were firm, with moderate sales at full prices. Bacon was in fair demand, with sales of 300 boxes at 75 for long clear city. Lard was firmer and in good request, with sales of 2,000 packages reported at 7\(\) c. a \$\(\) \$\(\) \$\) State butter was in fair demand, in part for shipment, at 18c. a 20c., and 0hio at 13c. a 15c. State cheese was selling at 6c. a 7\(\) \$\(\) \$\(\) \$\(\) \$\(\) \$\(\) \$\(\) at 18c. a 30c. \(\) \$\(

RICE.—A small sale of 50 bags hast lodia was made at 5%c.

SOURE.—The sales embraced about 1,200 hhds., the market closing firm, mostly at 6%c. a Sc., with small prime to choice lots reported at 5%c. a Sc., 100 boxes at 7c. and 530 bags Slam at p. t.

Willskit.—Prices were irregular, with sales of 800 bbls. at 28c. a 30c.

\$4 40. "I AM NOW DELIVERING A SUPERIOR at \$4 40 per ton of 2,000 lbs.; Coke, 33 a chaidron; also, Liverpool and Cannel Coal, at 195 West Eleventh street and 151 Eighth avenue.

A HEARTT.

\$4 40.—1 AM NOW DELIVERING A SUPERIOR slate at 24 40 per ton of 2,000 lbs., from yard 140 Waverley place; Perry and West streets; Pierce's range-store, No. 98 Broadway, and 29 Wall street. A. TREADWELL, Agent. RESTAURANTS.

JUGGED HARE AND GREEN TURTLE SOUP FOR Dinner to-day, For sale, Yarmouth Bloaters, English Mutton, English Cheese, London Sprats, Hams, Partridges, and Frairie Hens, stuffed and cleaned ready for cooking at 36 cents each; roasted Ducks, stuffed, 36 cents each. T. KICHARDSON, agent, 66 Maiden lane, corner of William stree!. Dunlop's Ale in fine condition. DESTAURANT—GREEN TURTLE, TURTLE SOUP AND IN Steaks—KELLI, will open his new house on this (Thursday) evening, March 6, at No. i Great Jones street, neaf Broadway, as the Torde Club House. Give him a call.

CHOICE ROOMS, AND EXCELLENT BOARD, AT 210 Second avenue, near St. Mark's place, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, for gentlemen and their wives; also for single gentlemen and ladies; neighborhood very genteel and house first class. Dinner at 6 o'clock COTAGE AT BELLVILLE, N. J., FOR SALE OR TO let—Beautifully located, three miles from Newark, with four lots, fronting the river; house in nice order. Price \$3,000, or rent \$125. Apply at 41 Water strek, N. Y.

HOUSE TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR SALE TUIS is a rare change to a each customer, as the itoms new and furnished with new furniture has sprine; gas tures and mirrors are included. There are sail ye entitlemen boarding in the house. Apply at 96 Macdough

DRY GOODS.

BARGAINSI BARGAINSI BARGAINS FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

W. K. PEYTON.

No. 274 BOWERY, near Houston street,
in now offering, AT GREAT HARGAINS, his spiendid
STOCK OF DRY GOODS.

To housekeepers and others this offers a rare opportunity
to purchase at a great sacrifice.
Cloaks, Shawis, Mantillas, Dress Goods, Silks, Linens,
Shirting and Sheeting Muslins, Table Cloths, Napkina,
Towels, Blankets, Counterpanes, Curtains, Flannels, Tickings, Hosiery, Gloves, Embroid-ries, &c., &c.

W. K. PEYTON,
No. 274 BOWERY, near Houston street.

DRY GOODS.—WANTED, TO PURCHASE FOR CASH, a small stock of assorted Dry Goods, suitable for a country store. Address, with particulars, J. Williams, box 726 New York Post-office.

DRY GOODS.—FOR SALE, A WELL ASSORTED STOCK of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, about \$1,200 worth. Will be sold cheap for cash or exchanged for a small proper-ty without incumbrance. Address B. S. W., Herald odice, WANTED TO PURCHASE—ABOUT \$1,500 WORTH OF Fancy Dry Goods, or a Store already established would be taken, for which a nice large brick House, that is now well let, would be given in exchange. Apply at 37 Willow place, Brooklyn, to WILLIAM ONDERDONK.

CLOTHING.

A GREAT UNION VICTORY IS GAINED—LADIES and gentlemen, it has been victorious in being pronounced by a great many that B. MINTZ. 177 thrir avenue, has been paying the highest price for Cast off Clothing, Carpets, Furniture and Jewelry, and still means to continue to do so if you will ravor him with a note or call. We promise to pay 50 per cent more than any deader in the city. Piezas remember the well known dealer, B. Mintz, 179 Third avenue, near Seventeenth street. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Mintz.

AT 152 SEVENTH AVENUE, LADIES AND GENTLE.

men can dispose of their cast off Clothing, Carpets,
Furniture and Jewelry. I guarantee to pay fifty per cent
more than any other dealer in the city, and not to be humbugged by great puffs and false pretenders. Please call on go
address J. Anhali, 152 Seventh avenue, between Twentieth
and Twenty-first streets. Ladies attended by Mrs. Anhali.

A TTENTION.—I HAVE TO FILL UP AN ORDER FOR the West to purchase cast of C.othing, Furniture, Carpets and Jewelry. Ladies and gentlemen can receive the highest prices by ealing on or addressing a note by post to M. ABRAHAMS, 23 Seventh avenue, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets. Ladies punctually attended to by Mrs. A.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT, 212 SEVENTH AVENUE, and its received a large order from the West to purchase A is received a large order from the West to purchas ladies' and gentiemen's Wearing Apparel. Carpets Furnit ture, &c., I guarantee to pay the full value of all articles without any humbug. Call at or address 212 Seventh ave nue. Ladies attended by Mrs. M.

A POSITIVE FACT.—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, IF you want to get the full value for your cast off Clothing, Furniture, Carpets and Jewelry, the best you can do it ocall or send a note to A. HARRIS, 551 Third avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth streets, east side. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Harris. AT THE CALIFORNIAN AND WESTERN AGENCY A Store the highest price can be obtained for cast of Ciothing, Carpets, Jewelry, &c. For Silk Dresses, from \$8 to \$35; for Coats, from \$2 to \$18; for Fants, from \$1 50 to \$6. A note addressed to H. Harris, \$53 Bowery, opposite Great Jones street, will be punctually attended to. Ladies attended by Mrs. Harris.

A DEMAND.—\$12,000 WORTH OF CAST OFF CLOTH Ing. Carpets, Furniture and Jewelry wanted, for which the most value can be obtained by calling on or addressin E. H., 79 Sixth avenue, near Waverley place. Ladies at tended by Mrs. E. H. Please remember and try 79 Sixth

A T THE OLD STAND-LADIES AND GENTS CAN OB

FOUND-A POCKETBOOK CONTAINING A SUM OF money, which the owner can have by proving property Address box 94 Post office, describing the pocketbook and contents.

FOUND-IN ONE OF THE FIFTH AVENUE OMNI-boses, a Mink Muff, which the owner can have by ap-plying at No. 30 West Thirty-ninth street, and paying for this advertisement.

LOST-ON SATURDAY NIGHT, A POCKETBOOK containing a small amount of money and three certificates of deposit of one of the banks of this city; also some other papers. The finder will please return it to the bank which issued the certificates, and receive a satisfactory reward.

LOST-\$10 REWARD.—ON TUESDAY EVENING, AT and Fifth avenue, or in going from there to the corner of Twenty-sixth street and Fifth avenue, or in going from there to the corner of Twenty-ninth street and Lexington avenue, a gold ribbon. chain Braceick, the slide ornamented with pearls. The above reward will be paid on returning it to 127 Lexington avenue, or to the banking office of W. & H. C. Mecklem, 227 Greenwich street. LOST OR STOLEN—OR FRIDAY LAST, FROM HOUSE

117 East Thirty-fourth street, a lady's gold lever Watch, having white face; No. 143. Any person having the same will receive \$15 reward by returning it to the above address. Pawnbrokers are requested to retain and give notice.

\$2 REWARD.—LOST. ON THE CORNER OF THIR tenth street and Eighth avenue, or in getting into car at that place, a pair of Gold Speciacles. The above reward will be paid on their return to 175 West Thirty-nint street or 164 Pearl street, New York.

2.2 REWARD—FOR A SMALL BLACK AND TAN TER
Do rier Dog; had on when lost a collar with a small par
lock and three holes in the centre; answers to the name of
Ulie. The inder will receive the above reward by leaving
at 106 5th av., and the thanks of the owner.

© REWARD-DOG LOST.—A SMALL BLACK AND DOG tan Bog; answers to the name of Jack; was lost about the iSts of last month. The above reward will be paid for his return to 214 South Seventh street, Jersey City. \$5 REWARD.-STOLEN FROM THE OFFICE OF

\$10 REWARD.—LOST, YESTERDAY, GOING FROM the store of Lord & Taylor down Broadway to corner of Canal street, a Purse, containing about \$50. The loser is a poor widow, where husband died some days ago, and the money was the last drawn from the bank. The finder, on leaving the purse at 219 arente A, with F. Depken, will receive the above reward and will make the poor widow happy

LECTURES.

REV. F. C. EWER WILL, BY REVIDET, REPEAT HIS at I ving Hall, corner of Fifteenth street and Irving place, Wednasday evening, March II, 1862. Thesets 5th, can be procured of S. R. Comstock, Olitzens Bank; Geo. R. Jackson, 201 Centre street; at Randolph's book store, 682 Broadway, and at the door on the evening of the lecture. PEV. J. W. WILLIAMS ON "THE WAR," IN THE Fourteenth street, opposite the Academy of Music, this evening, at eight o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN JEFFERSONIAN GENE ral Committee — A meeting of the committee will be held at Brown's Hotel, corner of Broadway and Egipt street, this (Thursday) evening, 6th instant, at 7½ o clock Punctual attendance is repuested. unctual attendance is requested.
CHARLES K. SMITH, Chairman pro tem.
HENRY P. WEST, Secretary pro tem.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN GENERAL LV Committee.—A regular meeting of the General Committee will be held at Mozart Hall, on this (Thursday) even ing, at 8 o'clock.

TAMMANY HALL—THIRTEENTH WARD.—AT meeting of the Democratic Republican Ward Committee, held at Brady's Hotel, 37 Willett street, Capt. Michael Healey was chosen Chairman, Jacob Leebacker Secretary and James Mahon Treasurer, for the ensuing year.

A FEW FINE GOLD HUNTING (LADIES') WATCHES
for sale, to pay advances, at I. S. COHEN'S, 303 Broadway, corner of Duane street, warranted as represented, and
at 25 to 35 per cent less than wholesale price.

AS I WANT MONEY I OFFER MY STOCK AT WHOLE.
watches, fine gold chains, Chatchaines, Seal Rings, &c. Alexander Watches, fine gold chains, Chatchaines, Seal Rings, &c. Alexander Watches, fine gold chains, Chatchaines, Seal Rings, &c. Alexander Watches, LS. COHEN,
IS. COHEN,
305 Broadway, corner of Duane street.

AT 33 PER CENT LESS THAN COST, TO PAY AD vances—Real Diamond Rings, Pins, gold and silver Watches, gold Neck, Vext and Guard Chains; fine gold Jeweiry of newest patterns; one gold Hunting Cooper Duplex; on Emerald, 6\(\frac{1}{2}\) carats.

305 Broadway, corner of Duane sircel. Composition CHAINS—WARRANTED TO STAND acid and not tarnish; the best judges cannot tell them rom real gold.

306 Broadway, corner of Duane street.

I SAW A CHALLENGE THE OTHER DAY IN THE New York Herald. Mr. Dun challenged any living man in the United States that he can show the pretiest black and nate I saw Mr. Dun, and he did not come up to the mark. New, I will challenge Mr. Dun or any other gentiems missing own the pretiest and smallest black and tan in this styric own the pretiest and smallest black and tan in this styric own the pretiest and smallest black and tan in this styric own the pretiest and smallest black and tan in this styric own the pretiest and smallest black and tan in this styric own to styric own the pretiest and smallest black and tan in this styric own the pretiest and smallest black and tan in this styric own the pretiest and small styric gray 350.

JOSEPH BURKART, 290 East Houston street.

JOHN SORECK, 320 BOWERY, OFFERS FOR SALE.

An Italian Hound slut, 16 months old, 5 pounds weight and the finest in the world; and two litalian Hound puns, at a months old, dog and slut; also a number of black and tan Terriers, from 5 to 8 pounds in weight, Medicines for dogs. Advice graits. Finest breed Beigium Canaries, from his own stock; Mocking Ritris, Starlings and other birds, in full song. Fancy and Breeding Cages, &c. TO SPORTSMEN.—LIVE QUAIL FOR SALE—TWENTY seven pairs, in line condition. Apply at 135 East Eighteenth street, after three o'clock P. M.

VACHT FOR SALE-FOR LESS THAN HALF ITS I value; a cabin hoat of about ten tons; newly rigged and furnished complete. Will trade for jewels or jewelry. In quire of R. Rulley, at the drug store, corner of Third avenue and 120th street, Harlem.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

THE COMMINEE ON STREETS OF THE BOARD OF
Aldermen, will meet on Tuesday, the 18th day of March,
1862, at one o'clock P. M., in the Chamber of the Board of
Aldermen, City Hall, for the purpose of considering the
solicit of the extension of Church street to the Battery,
is parties interested will piece anised, without further
Bottee.

P. I. A. BOOLE,
On Street,
Streets,
Streets,

PERSONAL

A FINE HEALTHY MALE CHILD—FOR ADOPTION in a good family. Can be seen at 12 Laight street, second door, back room.

A DOLPHUS—YOURS WAS RECRIVED SOME TIME
Since and responded to. Will you write again to Carrie
A—ge in full, that I may see you and have some conversation with your Firth avenue—Sundays. Address as above
SNI BRO.

A MAIDEN SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS, SIX MONTHS, and hine days old, who feels that she is growing older every day, consequently matrinonial prospects "growing small by degrees and beautifully less," would be hugely pleased if the man God has designed for her, would say so by addressing a few lines to Kate Kranberry, station B Post Glice.

BOOTS,-WHY DON'T YOU ANSWER MY LETTER !

I do not leave till the 29th instant. EVERLASTING. BERTRAM CALISHER—A LETTER IS AT THE POST

ERIR RAILROAD.—IF THE GENTLEMAN ON THE evening express from Dunktrk to Jersey City, S-ptem ber I, 1890, who spoke to a lady of the improved sceping cars, wishes to continue the acquaintance then began he can do so by addressing a roe to M. C. S. Herald office, stating how a communication will reach hom, with description that I may not be deceived.

FOR ADOPTION.—A FINE HEALTHY FRMALE IN fant, of American parents, at 168 Thompson street, N Y HARRY, WHY DID YOU NOT GO TO NO. I BAR clay street as you promised? Come to-day, or an any this week, one door from Broadway. They have got prime PycEE.

HELEN.—I DID NOT SEE JULIE YESTERDAY; IF I don't to-day will leave for Albany; telegraphe in there if not leave for Boston direct, Friday or Saturay, All's well; thine ever.

All's

RATE.

INFORMATION WANTED OF FRANCIS WRAVER'
who left his home on the 17th of February. Has a season his left temple caused by being shot, the builds menerating the skull; is about 18 years of age; is apposed to have enlisted. Any information will be thankfully received by his father at 403 Ninth avenue, between Thirty-nith and Thirty sixth streets.

I SAAC BAZZONI WILL HEAR OF SOMETHING greatly to his advantage by addressing J. A. D., Herald office, stating where a note will reach him. J. B.-THIS SWEET DAUGHTER OF EVE, FOR AN

Man Missing.—James Henry Abbott, who is mane, left Newburyport, Massachusetts, on the 11th of February. He is twenty-nine years of age, is about five free five inches in height, has black eyes, dark hair and whiskers; had on a black hat, dark plaid velvet vest, black coat and dark pants. Whoever will give information of his whereabouts to his sister, Elizabeth Abbott, at Sommerville, Maschusetts, shall be handsomely rewarded. The polite in all cities will please take notice. Masters of vessels will also be on the lookout; he designed to go to England; had no money; name marked on his underclothes.

MR. JAMES GILLIGAN WILL PLEASE CALL FOR A letter at the Broadway Post office. MARK-HOPES HIS DEAR CHILD WILL SOON PE patient. Hopes things will have a happy issue,

METETIA WILL PIND A NOTE AT STATION D. Call this morning.

NOT FOR THE WORLD.—OH, MY DEAR BABY, I am almost cead to see you. Why not write, as I told you that is the only way you can see me? So write a note to my house, and it will be all right. I think you have forget en me. I am not working any.

NO. 1.—IF THE GENTLEMAN WHO RODE IN THE Eighth avenue car, as far as Hudson street, with a dark eyed lady, on Tuesday, would like to meet her to renew acquaintance, she will be on Saturday, the Sih, at 37 M., at No. 1, to see him. Please answer through "Personals," if agreeable.

OMEGA WOULD LIKE TO KNOW WHETHER ALPHA
is here or in Washington. Does George live in Troy or
New York? Will a note to the same address and box reach
him in Troy now? Do you remember Blanche? Address as
before, to 831 Broadway. PICTURE -CALL AT STATION D, AND GET WHAT

WILLIAM ILETT WAS THE ELDEST SON OF WM.
Helt, of West Meon, in the county of Southamptons an ercise officer. He was born in the year 1767, in the parish of Taunton Deun, Somerset, and afterwards lived with his father at West Meon aforesaid. When a lad he left home and went to sea, and rose to be a captain in the United States merchant service. He was last heard of by his relations in the year 1802 or 1803, when he woute to them. Any person who can give information as to the death or burial of the said deceased to Archibald Murray, of 59 Chancery Lano, is the county of Middlesex, England, shall be rewarded.

WILL THE LADY WHO WALKED UP BROADWAY on Tresday, at 5% o'clock, and took a Fourth arenue stage at Washington place, or any other lady equally good looking, inform me where I can address a note to her?

H. M., Station D, Eighth street.

WILL THE LADY DRESSED IN MOURNING, WHO rode from the Battery to Fifteenth street, in a Fourth av-nue stage last Tuesday, between five and six o'clock, permit the gentleman who sat next to her to make her acquaintance? If so, will she please address a note, appointing an interview, to Clanricarde, Herald office.

WILL THE YOUNG LADY WHO, ON WASHINGTON'S
Birthday, mailed a letter for J. K., please send her
real name and address to same place, and oblige J. K.

WILL THE YOUNG LADY, WEARING A RED DRESS,
who crosseds the Long Book Ferry, from Jersey Clip
to New York, on the 3-20 P. M. boat, on Tuesday,
March 4 and went up Chambers street, on the
south side, to Broadway, and turned down Broadway,
favor the gentleman who noticed her on the boat
white she was reading a letter, which she took from her
pocket, with her address, as he would like to make her ac
quantance, if agreeable? Address W. H. C., box 146 Herald

9,994. A. M. WILL FIND A LETTER. DON'T

MATRIMONIAL A LADY, OF 26, THE WIDOW OF A TRADESMAN poss-saged of ample means, and the mistress of a une esta-instruction, which is to meet with a gratieman, of one appearance, and who has the entree to fashionable occiety. She is considered pretty and piquent by her friends, is bounde, of meetium height and good physique. The gentleman's character must be unblemished and his social post on undoubted. A liceary gentleman preferred. Address with full particulars, Mrs. Uns, station D, New York.

A YOUNG MAN, TWENTY-NINE YEARS OF AGR. wealthy and of fine personal appearance, chooses this novel method of opening a correspondence with a reamed and educated years lady, possessing an arient, toring disposition, and matrimonially inclined. Address Simon B. Houser, station G Post office.

TWO OFFICERS, NOW IN THE FIELD, GENTLEMBE

OCULISTS AND AURISTS.

NOISES IN THE HEAD, CURED

STHERIAL EAR INHALATOR, AND VON EISENBERG'S EYE FUMIGATOR.

STRABISMUS. CROSS-EYE,

CURED IN ONE MINUTE. 38 Clipton place (Eighth street), Between University place and Broadway

WILL ANNIE C., LATE OF HOBOKEN, ADDRESS A note to R. J., Union square Post office?

W. W. W.—THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, AT and be sensible. FIFTH AVENUE AND — STREET.

49 -I CANNOT BE THERE ON THURSDAY, I CANmot do what you want this week, but hope to next
week without fail.
TOMMY.

A YOUNG MAN, AGED 29, WHOSE LADY FRIENDS are very limited, wishes to form the acquaintance of some young lady with a view to matchmeny. Address, in full confidence, Harry, station G, United States incl.

A YOUNG OFFICER, OF THE UNITED STATES
Army, now in the field, age 23, is desirous of forming
a correspondence with some young lady, between the ages of
is and 24, with a view to better acquaints neat the expiration of the war. The advertiser is not want they call a pretty
man, but a plucky one, and full of fun, and expects the same
of the lady; neither am I wealthy, but can manage to stem
clear of bad rocks. Address in confidence Lieut, Henry 25,
W., Brooklyn (L. I.) Post office.

MATRIMONIAL.—A FOREIGNER, OF FINE PERsonai appearance, thirty-ave years of age, with ample
means, being a stranger in the city, adopts this method of sequiring a partner for fife. The lady's age must not exceed \$6
years; she must be possessed of personal attraction, and a
cultivated mind. To such a one the advertiser can ofter a
trillant social position. He begs those who may respond te
this will fully describe their personal appearance, menta
endowments and social status. That the advertiser's sincerity
may be unquestioned he does not desire an interview until
his own position is made known and correspondence has established the fitness of the lady and himself for each other.
Address for one week Alvarado, station D Post office, Astor
place, New York.

MATRIMONIAL. FOR AN INTERESTING BOOK, IL

Two OFFICERS, NOW IN THE FIELD, GENTLEMBR of birth, education and refinement (Captain and Lieutenant), desire to open a correspondence with two young ladies, with a view to matrimony. Captain 27 years oid blue eyes, brown hair, fair complexion, six feet high, amiable disposition. Lieutenant 23, dark gray eyes, black nair brunette complexion, fiver but generous disposition, five feet eleven. They desire their opposite, as "not in its kind but in it its apposite, lieth love's delight," and will treat with the strictest confidence all communications addressed to Captain C., or Lieutenant B., Fitty-seventa regimes N. Y. V., Alexandria, Va.

DEAFNESS, IMPAIRED SIGHT,

> By Dr. VON EISENBERG, Oculist and Aurist, WITH HIS NEWLY INVENTED

APPROVED OF BY

DEAFNESS AND BLIN NASS. THE MOST HOPELES cases cured without party spannes; also, Nervon Affections and Cal Frit, I from A cames of doa's cured by I GRAT hatter, 60 Handana.

THE RIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES. IN ITS WORST STACES